I, Conrad Youngberg, make this statement to Horace H. Willis and J. William Magee who have identified themselves to me as special agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No inducements of any kind have been offered to me for making this statement.

I am fifty-nine (59) years old and presently employed by The Electric Auto-Lite Company of Woodstock, Illinois, and have been so employed for the past sixteen years. At the present time, I am in charge of the Engineering Department, Die Cast Division of The Electric Auto-Lite Company, Woodstock, Illinois.

In approximately 1920, I was employed by the Woodstock Typewriter Company. For several years prior to 1930, I was Assistant Superintendent at the Woodstock Typewriter Company at Woodstock, Illinois. My duties consisted of close supervision of all manufacturing operations. I spent the majority of my time while on duty visiting and checking the various operations involved in the manufacture of Woodstock typewriters.

In the latter part of 1929, I became Plant Superintendent and continued in this capacity until near the end of 1933.

For approximately two years thereafter I was employed by the Remington Typewriter Company, after which employment I became affiliated with The Electric Auto-Lite Company.

In connection with my duties at the Woodstock Typewriter Company, I designed and set into operation the process for soldering type to type bars which process was in operation in and around 1929. The type bars were first coated with copper, after which they were assembled into the type bar segment. The type were then soldered on to the bars. The excess solder was ground and filed from the bars and type after which the bars and type were nickel plated. Kisseloff-23247

I have had occasion to inspect finished bars and type and have noticed considerable variation in the amount of solder left on the ends of the bars.

I examined numerous type bars containing type, which were represented to me by agents, Willis and Magee, as being made at the Woodstock Factory in approximately 1929. I noticed considerable variation in the general ance appears, of the ends of the bars; some appeared rather smooth and others contained ridges and rolls of solder. A few bars had unfilled cavities. I consider these bars not to be unusual or different in appearance from type bars which we were producing while I was at Woodstock.

I examined a set of photographs of type bars marked N230099. From these photographs I cannot state whether the solder of type to the bars is a factory job. I am not able to do this because of the magnification and lighting used when the photographs were made.

I examined photographs marked M383, M384, M391 and M392. I do not recall any change in dies between the time typewriter N228310 and typewriter N233954 were made at the Woodstock plant.

Photographs M383, M384 and M391 have the appearance of type faces that have been damaged by striking the paper fingers on the typewriter or striking the heel of another type bar in motion. In order for the type face to strike the paper finger, the retaining ear on the paper finger must be bent or broken.

I do not consider it possible to change the curvature of the small letter "t" on a type face without the type face bearing marked evidence of mechanical grinding or abrasion.

I also examined photograph M387 and believe that such damage could result from striking a defective paper finger or the heel of another bar in motion.

From my experiences with the Woodstock Typewriter Company and from my knowledge of the normal operation of typewriter repair work, type and type bars are not re-nickled after a typewriter repair man re-solders an old type to a bar or replaces a broken or lost type with a new piece of type.

We, at Woodstock, made no chemical analyses of steel used in making type. I do recall that in 1929 we were producing about one hundred (100) typewriters a day.

As Assistant Superintendent, I would have had a supply of finished type in the Stock Room from which the type were withdrawn to the Soldering Department for assembly on the bar. This reserve supply of type, to the best of my knowledge, would have totalled at least 25,000 pieces of type. Part of these type could have been made from one batch of steel and part from another batch.

I have read the above statement consisting of three pages and to the best of my knowledge it is true and correct.

J. William Magne- Special Agent. Federal Bur.

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<u> Pasadena, California</u> april 10,1952. 2, Otto A. Hokanson, make this Statement to Harves F. Dadge and J. W magee, who have identified themselves to me as Special Equil of the Federal Bureau of Finestigation, M. S. Dyst of Justice. The induce ments of any kind have her offered to me to make this statement. 2 am 69 years all and retired and reside at 302 alpine Street Pasadena, Colifornia In 1909 20 hegan employment with the Emerson Type writing Company, Woodstack, Illinais which company tu about 1911 ar 1912 hecame the Woodstack Typewille Company Through the years 2 advanced In the company until 2 hegame Flank Aupenintendent in 1925. 2 Continued as Plant Ruperintendent as which time I left the employ of the Woodstock Trypewile Company among my duties as Plant Disperintendent 2 superinsed the general of enation, and the activities the various mopeetars in The manufacture of Wood stock typewiller During my Euglayment with the lawyany 2 herance fainting the munification of typewilers I had alecasion to treame familiae with the general offearung I type have which mere donkidered satisfactory for assembly into a hyperviter, after the type was soldered to the type has the excess solder was removed by either filing or Trinding The completes have was nickel. I recove them was Considerable variation in the Otto a. Hokansan

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amount of solder left on the hour although we strucked to produce hars as clean as practical. 2 have examined approximately twenty fignished type hours which were hepresented to The ty agent Magee as coming from a Wordstock typewriter. I necognized there have Is heing Dinislan to have iwill Which he were experimenting about the time I left woodstock about on near the middle of 1979, he may have used leaves similar to the ones which I examines today in typervilen, made lufane I left although I am now too sure du this faint 2 notices on these have considerable variation in the amount of solder left on the har Some hars appeared to he very smooth and others had excess solder still remaining an the hour 2 vauly consider these Oth a. Hakanson

have not particularly unusual in appearance and to the least of my Prowledge they represent the type of have which we were turing Dut as the Woodstock Typewiter 2 lifacioned municipus Thotographo 1) the ends of type hars, Thoragingho murked N-230099, and companies these photographs with the faitine Set of hand I previously mentioned. 2 and not able to state whether the Shortogrupho show have typical of the factory finoh which we produced as worldstock hecause the Thotographa show an enlarged men of the sud. of the have and heave the photograph are not as clean our as they could tre. 2 did notice same similarity Ketineen the ends of the hour in the photographs and the ends of the thous, alove mentioned, which I examined in that the floriges were

not trummed closely to the leady of the type and some general Dissilarilies in the solder on the that shown in the photographs, 2 examined a photographs \$ \$383 and M384 and M391 and M392 and am of the opinion that we did not make a small letter "t" as shown The photograph marked M391 while 2 was at the woodstock Typewriter Company 2 do not believe it Would be possible to change the maile curvature of the hatton I the small letter "t" as shown In photograph marked M392 to more it appear like it does in Shotagraph marked M384 withour the face of the type showing some signs of alter ation 2 delieve that the type faces shown in the photographs marker M 383, M 384, M 391, M 376 and M 387

Could have damaged by some almormal use of the typewriter From my general knowledge of the work done are lippewriters during Repair, 2 do nos consider it a mornoe Junelies to he-nickee a type have after a type have been re-soldered to the hara Neving 1929 while I was superintendent I recall that we were making about one hundred typewriters a day. 2 would he expected to have had on hand Limisher type for assembly out the hars. To the best of my recollection the number of type on hand in the type department would vous from a months supply for some letters or musters on characters to only a few days supply of the more Christonly used types The did not conduct any Chewicol analyses of the steel Uses in making type. We tested

its hardness anly. When we were morning type heen made from two different hatches of betel Ruch shatters would be called to my alleulion only When some difficulty arose with a new tratch of steel 2 hove have read this Statement Consisting of seven pages and The suformation contained herein is the and correct to the best of my knowledge and recallection 2 am signing my name to all Otto a. Hakaman Thurses 7. Dodg E, Special agent, F.B.I. T. William Magle, Special Agent, FBI

سنج يزار

Kisseloff-23257

